

EUROPEAN RESEARCH STUDIES

An International Multidisciplinary Journal with Topics in Ecompose Integration Votes: XVIII. Date 10, Special Date, 2011. "Ecomonic Issue in C.D.Countries"

NAME AND ADD

Contents

Concerni Editor and Frankler Pref. E. S. Hudstaders

Eatopoor Class Social Marian Statewarty of Propag. Comm. Entertained Statistics

Glean

Prof. E. Chernerse Energytar-Chern June Mission Intervention of Antienes, Endployed Intervention of Network, Endployed

Prof. L. G. (Tanon) Mulliaria Londs Connectly, Discass, USA mullial/fee, eds.

Prof. S. K. Madesons Edge transmiss: Landra, WK Schulzer, Britschull, B.

Rood Arease Editori Prof. S.G. Meetian University of Planus, Green aufiliantheouttar. Benchmanner Regularities of the latter in twenties in 5 Means of Scientific, Motor foliage at and Universities Support of Mean and Supervising Management, AL Radionalues, T.Y. Paper, D.V. Hardy-arrelat, H.V. Uhitakey, T.A. Versities. 41 Mil

Conservation of Lanconian Management Dear-Conserving Meter In Conservation Mathematics, A.I. Revieway, e. F.T. Super, 115, 2004 servetal, 1275 Calific Sec. E.A. Versition. W-30

The forces of Linearing Sciences and Trainand Folloy of Masters Boards in the Incomes Pleasing Decomments, U.V. Dashvinings, B.A. Volum. 19734

The Coursept of the United Downshies of June Fronter and Jonan of its Medicentration, U.B. Addression, S.H. Madulance, S.J. Vingunese, 1998

Photo and Financian of the Processine's Office of the Huppitch of Konsultation of the s Systems of Division of Process, F.R. Alabounder, S.R. Sindabury, J.J. Kingson at 10 (20)

Report encount of Organizational Forces of Interventer of the Dear and the Public Preservation Office on a Condition of Effective Salarian of Context Testic of the Court and the Public Presentative Office, C-M. Mulaziotecto, E.B. Mulaziotecto, 200 (11)

1984 Transport and the Englisher due 1981 Approximate an Prote Trade Asia, 8. Engenthematy 5.2, Suffacturery, 8.5; Yholinger, A.J. Sharman, 1991 199

Principles of Interaction of Indexis Processing Streamster, Spectre on Reflection of Difference: Regularities of Their Destance Composition, U.C. Calasticitores, A.E. Reports and results. 100-100

The Province of Debugating the Place of International Co.d Property in the Logal System of the Republic of Recoldering, U.A. Toomsteam, U.B. Todokamir, 1078 Recolumn, A.J. Darkeykari, U.O. Sector.

Representation of the state of

International Strategic Management Association A Nun Profit, Nan Covernmental Dynamication

Editorial Board

ERSJ Editorial Board-Referrees

Name	University	Department	City	Country	E-mail
Prof. Emeritus A. Akarca	University of Illinois	Dept of Economics	Chicago	USA	akarca@uic.edu
Prof. P.J. Baldacchino	U of Malta	Dept of Accountancy	Malta	Malta	peter.j.baldacchino@um.edu.mt
Prof. A. Bandoi	U of Craiova	Dept of Economics & Business	Craiova	Romania	anca.bandoi@incesa.ro
Prof. W. Bartlett	London School of Economics	Dept of Politics	London	UK	w.j.bartlett@lse.ac.uk
Prof. Emeritus G. Bitros	Athens U of Economics & Business	Dept of Economics	Athens	Greece	bitros@aueb.gr
Prof. T.H. Bonitsis	New Jersey Institute of Technology	Dept of Finance	Newark	USA	bonitsis@admin.njit.edu
Prof. P. Breckova	U of Finance & Public Administration	Dept of Management	Prague	Czech Republic	breckova@audacio.cz
Prof. A. Brelik	U of West Pomeranian U of Szcezcin	Dept of Regional and European Studies	Szcezcin	Poland	agnieszka.brelik@zut.edu.pl
Prof. S.I. Bukowski	Pulaski U of Technology and Humanities	Dept of Business & Economics	Radom	Poland	s.bukowski@uthrad.pl
Prof. I. Novo-Corti	U of A Coruna	Dept of Economic Analysis	Coruna	Spain	inc@udc.es
Prof. M. Cristea	U of Craiova	Dept of Economics & Business	Craiova	Romania	mirelas.cristea@gmail.com
Prof. E. Dedousis	American U of Dubai	Dept of Business	Dubai	UAE	ddedousis@aud.edu
Prof. K. Featherstone	London School of Economics	Dept of	London	UK	k.featherstone@lse.ac.uk
Prof. J. A. Filipe	ISCTE-Instituto Universitário de Lisboa	Dept of Management	Lisbon	Portugal	jcbf@iscte.pt
Prof. G. Georgopoulos	York U	Dept of Economics	Toronto	Canada	goergop@yorku.ca
Prof. D. Gounopoulos	U of Bath	Dept of Accounting & Finance	Bath	UK	d.gounopoulos@bath.ac.uk
Prof. dr hab. E. Gross- Golacka	University of Warsaw	Faculty of Management	Warsaw	Poland	egross@wz.uw.edu.pl
Prof. K. Hassapis	U of Cyprus	Dept of Economics	Nicosia	Cyprus	kristis@ucy.ac.cy
Prof. Emeritus J.G. Halikias	Athens U of Economics & Business	Dept of Marketing	Athens	Greece	jgh@aueb.gr
Prof. L. Howard	City University of New York	Maritime College	New York	USA	howlar51@yahoo.com
Dr Inz. M. Kadlubek	Czestochowa University of Technology	Faculty of Management	Czestochowa	Poland	martakadlubek@wp.pl
Prof. K. Katrakilidis	Aristotle U of	Dept of Economics	Thessaloniki	Greece	katrak@econ.auth.gr

	Thessaloniki				
Prof. S. Katsikides	U of Cyprus	Dept of Sociology	Nicosia	Cyprus	savvask@ucy.ac.cy
Prof. D. Kousenidis	Aristotle U of Thessaloniki	Dept of Economics	Thessaloniki	Greece	dkous@econ.auth.gr
Prof. M. Lament	Pulaski U of Technology and Humanities	Dept of Business and Economics	Radom	Poland	m.lament@uthrad.pl
Prof. dr hab. M. Latuszynska	University of Szczecin, Faculty of Economics	Finance and Management	Szczecin	Poland	malgorzata.latuszynska@usz.edu.pl
Prof. K. Liapis	Panteion U of Athens	Dept of Regional Economics	Athens	Greece	konstantinos.liapis@panteion.gr
Prof. I. Mazreku	U Hazhi Peza Kosovo	Dept of International Economics	Peza	Kossovo	ibish.mazreku@unhz.eu
Prof. M. Mihai	U of Craiova	Dept of Accounting & Finance	Craiova	Romania	office@auditsiexpertiza.ro
Prof. V. Monastiriotis	London School of Economics	Dept of Economics & Political Sciences	London	UK	v.monastiriotis@lse.ac.uk
Prof. C. Negakis	Macedonia U of Thessaloniki	Dept of Accounting & Finance	Thassaloniki	Greece	negakis@uom.gr
Prof. dr hab. inz. K. Nermend	University of Szczecin, Faculty of Economics	Finance and Management	Szczecin	Poland	kesra.nermend@usz.edu.pl
Dr D. Norena-Chavez	University of Lima	Graduate School	Lima	Peru	dnorena@ulima.edu.pe
Prof. V. Palea	U Degli Studi di Torino	Dept of Economics	Torino	Italy	vera.palea@gmail.com
Prof. A. Pusca	Danube U of Galati	Dept of Law	Galati	Romania	andypusca@univ-danubius.ro
Prof. I. Romanova	U of Latvia	Dept of Economics & Finance	Riga	Latvia	inna.romanova@lu.lv
Prof. C. de la Robertie	U of Paris I Sorbonne	Dept of Economics	Paris	France	catherine.de-la-robertie@univ- paris1.fr
Prof. J. Lopez- Rodriguez	U of A Coruna	Dept of Economic Analysis	Coruna	Spain	jelopez@udc.es
Prof. Emeritus E. Sambracos	U of Piraeus	Dept of Economic Sciences	Piraeus	Greece	sambra@unipi.gr
Prof. Nicoleta Sirghi	West University of Timisoara	Faculty of Economics and Business Administration	Timisoara	Romania	nicoleta.sirghi@e-uvt.ro
Prof. S. Stattev	U of National and World Economy	Dept of Economics	Sofia	Bulgaria	sstattev@unwe.bg
Prof. S.K. Staikouras	City U of London	Dept of Business	London	UK	sks@city.ac.uk
Prof. Emeritus H. Stokes	U of Illinois	Dept of Economics	Chicago	USA	hhstokes@uic.edu
Prof. T. Suryanto	Raden Intan U	Dept of Accounting	Lanpung	Indonesia	tulus@radenintan.ac.id
Prof. N. Theriou	International Hellenic University	Dept of Management Science and Technology	Kavala	Greece	ntheriou@mst.ihu.gr;
Prof. S. Trifonova	U of National & World Economy	Dept of Finance	Sofia	Bulgaria	strifonova@unwe.bg

Ass. Prof. E. Uğurlu	Istanbul Aydın	Department of	Istabul	Turkey	erginbayugurlu@aydin.edu.tr
	University	Economics and Finance			

Editors

Name	University	Department	City	Country	E-mail
Prof. Eleftherios (El) Thalassinos	Affiliate Prof. U of Malta	Dept Insurance and Risk Management	Msida	Malta	thalassinos@ersj.eu
Prof. Jean-Pierre Allegret	U of Nice Sophia Antipolis	Dept of Economics & Econometrics	Nice	France	jean.pierre@unice.gr
Prof. Jesus-Andrees Faina	U of A Coruna	Dept of Economic Analysis	Coruna	Spain	faina@udc.es
Prof. Simon Grima	U of Malta	Dept of Insurance and Risk Management	Malta	Malta	simon.grima@um.edu.mt
Prof. Irene Jindrichovska	Metropolitan University of Prague	Faculty of Business and Economics	Prague	Czech Republic	irena.jindrichovska@mup.cz
Prof. Dimitrios Maditinos	International Hellenic University	Dept of Management Science and Technology	Kavala	Greece	dmadi@mst.ihu.gr
Prof. John Malindetos	William Paterson University	Dept of Finance and International Business	New Jersey	USA	malindretosj@wpunj.edu
Prof. dr hab. Gratiela Georgiana Noja	Managing Editor, West University of Timisoara	Faculty of Economics and Business Administration	Timisoara	Romania	noja@isma-edu.eu
Prof. Ileana Tache	Transilvania U of Brasov	Dept of Marketing	Brasov	Romania	ileanatache@unitbv.ro
Prof. dr. hab. Waldemar Tarczynski	University of Szczecin	Faculty of Economics, Finance and Management	Szczecin	Poland	Waldemar.tarczynski@usz.edu.p

Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 2018

Development of Integration Processes in the Agro-Industrial Complex of the Russian Regions A.V. Glotko , I.N. Sycheva , A.N. Dunets , A.L. Poltarykhin , P.V. Zhuravlev , A.A. Tubalets *European Research Studies Journal*, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 3-15, 2018

• View Article

Download Article

Economic and Political Fundamentals for the Establishment of the Cabinet-Owned Metallurgical Complex in Siberia in the 18th Century

A.V. Kontev, O.E. Konteva, A.V. Kremneva, O.Yu. Voronkova, A.L. Poltarykhin, P.V. Zhuravlev *European Research Studies Journal*, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 16-27, 2018

View Article

Download Article

Organizational and Economic Transformations towards the Greening of Agro-industrial Production

O.Yu. Voronkova , D.F. Islamutdinova , O.G. Gordeyeva , I.I. Frolova , I.V. Fedulova , A.E. Zhminko *European Research Studies Journal*, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 28-38, 2018

- View Article
 - Download Article

Formation of Zonal Agro-eco Clusters as a Mechanism for the Development of Rural Areas O.Yu. Voronkova, A.A. Sitnov, L.V. Kashirskaya, V.I. Marchuk, M.G. Kudinova, I.N. Sycheva *European Research Studies Journal*, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 39-49, 2018

- View Article
 - Download Article

Directions to Improve Economic Efficiency of Regional Production I. N. Sycheva, O. Yu. Voronkova, T. M. Vorozheykina, G. R. Yusupova, A. N. Semenova, , A. E. Ilyin *European Research Studies Journal*, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 50-61, 2018

• View Article

Download Article

Economic Concept of Food Development of Russian Market

V.A. Kozlov, O.A. Moiseeva, V.G. Ponomarev, L.E. Popok, O.A. Filippova, F.F. Sterlikov

European Research Studies Journal, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 62-72, 2018

- View Article
 - Download Article

Formation of Human Capital as a Key Factor in Ensuring the National Security of Agriculture in the Digital Economy

I.G. Kuznetsova, O.Yu. Voronkova, S.Y. Bakhvalov, I.R. Ruiga, G.N. Zhuruli, V.E. Levichev *European Research Studies Journal*, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 73-83, 2018

- View Article
 - Download Article

Formation of a Single Innovation Space in the Agrarian Sector of the EAEU Member States A.G. Paptsov , V.I. Nechaev , P.V. Mikhailushkin

European Research Studies Journal, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 84-95, 2018

• View Article

•

Download Article

Prospects for the Implementation of the "Digital Government" Project of the Russian Federation

V. N. Ivanova , A. L. Poltarykhin European Research Studies Journal, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 96-106, 2018

• View Article

• Download Article

Development of Human Capital in the System of Economic Categories of Work P. V. Zhuravlev , I. A. Epishkin , G. N. Chernukhina , M. V. Zavyalov , V. V. Varlamova , O. Yu. Voronkova *European Research Studies Journal*, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 107-117, 2018

• View Article

Download Article

Statistical Methods for Analyzing Financial Statements of Russian Organizations in the Context of IFRS Implementation E.M. Akhmetshin, L.N. Demidova, N.A. Prodanova, O.V. Savchina , L.B. Trofimova, K.S. Ratnikov *European Research Studies Journal*, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 118-129, 2018

- View Article
 - Download Article

Institutional Analysis of the Regulatory and Legal Framework for Financial Reporting Control in Russia

E.M. Akhmetshin , N.A. Prodanova , L.B. Trofimova, P.S. Probin , O.G. Grigorieva , V.V. Smirnova *European Research Studies Journal*, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 130-141, 2018

- View Article
 - Download Article

Current Issues of Corporate Integrated Reporting Development in Russia E.M. Akhmetshin , N.A. Prodanova , S.S. Shevchenko , I.P. Ratnikova , Y.Y. Gazizyanova , O.N. Zherelina *European Research Studies Journal*, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 142-153, 2018

- View Article
 - Download Article

Institutional Methodology of the Formation of the Public Sector Reporting Concept in Accordance with IPSAS

E.M. Akhmetshin , N.A. Prodanova , L.B. Trofimova, S.G. Kamolov , K.Z. Trapaidze, A.V. Pavlyuk *European Research Studies Journal*, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 154-165, 2018

- View Article
 - Download Article

The International and Legal Framework for Transregionalization of Trade and Economic Cooperation of the BRICS Countries

T.V. Luzina , E.A. Dudareva, E.M. Akhmetshin , V.V. Yankovskaya , , Y.S. Berdova , G.E. Emaletdinova *European Research Studies Journal*, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 166-176, 2018

- View Article
 - Download Article

- View Article
 - Download Article

Formation and Development of the Processing Industry in the AIC of the Region A.V. Glotko, I.N. Sycheva, L.I. Petrova, T.M. Vorozheykina, A.V. Tolmachev, D.F. Islamutdinova *European Research Studies Journal*, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 188-199, 2018

View Article

Download Article

Spatial Development of Tourism Based on the Structure Model of the Territorial Tourist Complex

A.N. Dunets , A.G. Muhamedieva , I.N. Sycheva , E.G. Perepechkina , I.B. Vakhrushev , A.V. Kulchytskiy *European Research Studies Journal*, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 200-210, 2018

View Article

Download Article

Company's Efficiency and Its Impact on Performance: A Study on State Owned Non-Financial Company Listed on Indonesian Stock Exchange

Augustina Kurniasih, Heliantono

European Research Studies Journal, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 211-226, 2018

- View Article
 - Download Article

Brand Promise and Reputation Against the Campaign of a Political Party Janfry Sihite, Sofjan Assauri, Rizal Edy Halim

European Research Studies Journal, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 227-240, 2018

View Article

Download Article

Budget Hotel Performance Based on Customers' Perspective and Competitive Strategy

Christina Catur Widayati , Sri Vandayuli Riorini

European Research Studies Journal, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 241-252, 2018

- View Article
 - Download Article

Motivation of Work and Organizational Culture on Employees' Performance

Ryani Dhyan Parashakti

European Research Studies Journal, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 253-264, 2018

- View Article
 - Download Article

Zakat Accounting Information System in Private Higher Education
Caturida Meiwanto Doktoralina , Zakaria Bahari *European Research Studies Journal*, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 265-275, 2018
View Article

Download Article

Leadership Style, Career Development and Work Satisfaction to Employee's Performance Agus Arijanto

European Research Studies Journal, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 276-291, 2018

- View Article
- Download Article

Social and Economic Background of Digital Economy: Conditions for Transition M.A. Afonasova , E.E. Panfilova , M.A. Galichkina *European Research Studies Journal*, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 292-302, 2018

• View Article

Download Article

Innovative Intellectual Property Products: The Case of Russian Federation E.M. Akhmetshin , A.V. Pavlyuk , V.V. Ling , D.V. Medovnikova , R.H. Azieva *European Research Studies Journal*, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 303-316, 2018

• View Article

Download Article

Education Management in Ukraine in the Context of Global Economic Transformations I.A. Markina , Y.N. Safonov , O.I. Zhylinska , T.V. Gaidai *European Research Studies Journal*, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 317-332, 2018

View Article

Impact of Fiscal, Monetary and Structural Economic Policies on the Growth Rates of Leading Economies: 2000-2016

V. Ponkratov , A. Karaev , S. Solyannikova , O. Gorlova , D. Smirnov , O. Makashina

European Research Studies Journal, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 333-343, 2018

• View Article

Download Article

Innovative Value Creation in BRICS

I.A. Maslova , L.V. Popova

European Research Studies Journal, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 344-356, 2018

• View Article

Download Article

The Role of Governance and Political institutions for Budget Deficit for Low and High Income Countries: A Panel Data Analysis

Asma Arif, Mujahid Hussain

European Research Studies Journal, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 357-366, 2018

• View Article

Download Article

Determinants of Unemployment in Regency City in Special Province Yogyakarta Nur Feriyanto

European Research Studies Journal, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 367-380, 2018

• View Article

Download Article

Internal Audit Function and Application of Good Corporate Governance at Public Indonesian Commercial Banks

R.A. Novatiani , N.N. Afiah , R. Soemantri , H. Ritchi

European Research Studies Journal, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 381-388, 2018

• View Article

Download Article

Message Framing and Source Credibility in Product Advertisements with High Consumer Involvement

Euis Soliha , Suzy Widyasari *European Research Studies Journal*, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 413-422, 2018

- View Article
 - Download Article

The Performance of Islamic Rural Banks in Indonesia: 2010-2015
Muhamad Nadratuzzaman Hosen, Sabrina Fitria *European Research Studies Journal*, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 423-440, 2018
View Article

Download Article

Digital Branch: Competitive Advantage of Banking in Indonesia Through Information and Communication Technology to Face the 4th Industrial Era

Agus Riyanto , Ina Primiana , Yunizar , Yudi Azis

European Research Studies Journal, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 441-454, 2018

- View Article
 - Download Article

The Determinant Factors of Strategic Fraud

Tjiptogoro Dinarjo Soehari, Iffah Budiningsih, Umi Kawiryani Tjiptoningsih, Rosita Komala Hanum *European Research Studies Journal*, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 455-469, 2018

- View Article
 - Download Article

The Influence of Price Perception, Service Quality and Variation Behavior on Electronic Banking

Zulfitri, Surachman, Fatchur Rohman

European Research Studies Journal, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 470-487, 2018

• View Article

Download Article

The Existence of Risk Culture in Risk Management Implementation on the West Java Provincial Government

Deni Suardini , Mudiyati Rahmatunnisa , Widya Setiabudi , Catur Budi Wibowo *European Research Studies Journal*, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 488-502, 2018

- View Article
 - Download Article

Financial Literacy and Work Engagement as Mediating Variable to Bank Agent's Performance Shelfi Malinda, Dian Masyita, Sulaeman Rahman, Mokhamad Anwar

European Research Studies Journal, Volume XXI, Special Issue 3, 503-518, 2018

- View Article
 - Download Article

pp. 441-454

Digital Branch: Competitive Advantage of Banking in Indonesia Through Information and Communication Technology to Face the 4th Industrial Era

Agus Riyanto^{1, 5}, Ina Primiana², Yunizar³, Yudi Azis⁴

Abstract:

This research look at the influence of information and communication technology on operational services' changes from conventional to digital on the process of deposits opening with digital branch through business process reengineering (BPR) to achieve competitive advantage.

This research uses mixed methods, namely quantitative method through SEM SmartPLS statistical test to measure how the influence of information and communication technology on business process engineering to achieve competitive advantage and qualitative methods with development through the IDEFO framework model through digital branch. Conventional services, customers served by customer service banks to make deposit opening transactions.

The innovation in the operational service of digital deposit opening through digital branch makes it become superior for Indonesian banking to compete with other existing banks and improve services to customers.

Keywords: Business Process Reengineering, Information and Communication Technology and Model Framework IDEF0.

JEL code: A12, B16, B21, B30, B41, B50, C21.

- 2 Universitas Padjadjaran, Faculty of Economic and Business, email: ina.primiana@unpad.ac.id
- 3 Universitas Padjadjaran, Faculty of Economic and Business, email: yunizar2016@unpad.ac.id

¹Universitas Padjadjaran, Faculty of Economic and Business, Doctoral Science and Management

⁴ Universitas Padjadjaran, Faculty of Economic and Business, email: <u>yudi.azis@unpad.ac.id</u>

⁵ Universitas Komputer Indonesia, Faculty of Engineering, email corespondence: <u>agus.riyanto@email.unikom.ac.id</u>

1. Introduction

Changes to the digital economy has brought the world on business transformation through the industrial revolution which is currently at the stage of 4.0 era (an era of the internet) by using digital technology. For this reason, another strategy undertaken by the Indonesian government regarding financial inclusion is digital financial services (DFS). Internet users in Indonesia have experienced an increase from year to year. According to Siregar A.E (2016), a report by the Indonesian Internet Service Providers Association in November 2015 that in Indonesia, internet users amounted to 88.1 million (34% of the population), social media users amounted to 79 million (31%) and mobile users were 318.5 million (125%). In figure 1. explaining the increase that occurred in 2017, internet users in Indonesia reached 143.26 million (54.68% of the population). This shows that the use of digital technology in Indonesia is very large.

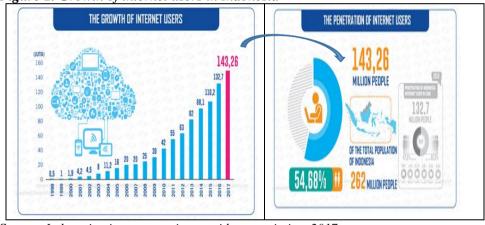


Figure 1. Growth of internet users in Indonesia

Source: Indonesian internet service provider association, 2017.

Competitive advantage can occur if information technology is implemented according to Breznik Lidija, (2012). This is supported by the statement that information technology through knowledge, operations and objects has a strong influence with competitive advantage according to Ong (2008). Competitive advantages are currently being carried out in the implementation of digital branch in banking in Indonesia. However, the implementation of digital branch have not been implemented in all banks in Indonesia, only 8 banks (9.64%) in Indonesia which have implemented the digital branch implementation policy, there are still 75 banks (90.36%) that have not yet implemented digital branch. With the existing of digital branch, banks will be able to increase profits because the number of branch offices will decrease so that operational costs will also decrease. This research is contrary to the opinion from Akhisar Batu and Necla Tunay (2015) which states that banking performance comes from profits due to the number of branch offices.

Competitive advantage can be done through business process reengineering (Hammer and Champy, 1993) that is carried out in its business process. The current performed business process is to transform conventional operational services into digital operational services through digital branch. This research is in line with the opinion of Magutu Peterson *et al.* (2010) which explains that a competitive advantage can be achieved if a company carries out business process reengineering in business processes towards digital. To improve competitive advantage in banking, it can be achieved in specific, simple and strong business processes, use of information and communication technology, and focus on services to customers so that they can attract more customers from the market. Information technology has a strong relationship with business process reengineering and performance (Huang Yan Shaio *et al.*, 2014). The same thing was explained by research from Maroofi Fakhraddin *et al.* (2013), which said that Information Technology has a strong influence with business process reengineering, internal process business, organization, customer satisfaction and financial performance.

Development of bank operational services in the future by using digital branch in its branch offices. The technology developed for the implementation of digital branch such as shown in Figure 2 is caused by the rapid development of information and communication technology, changes behavior in people's lifestyles according to the development of information and communication technology, customer needs for effective and efficient service. Can be accessed wherever and whenever, the current banking industry competition and banking needs in a more efficient and integrated operation.

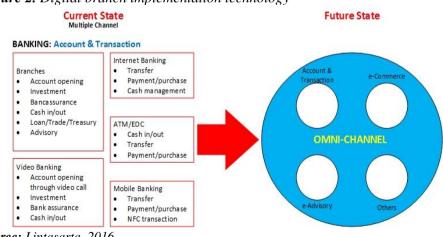


Figure 2. Digital branch implementation technology

Source: Lintasarta, 2016.

Osano and Okwena (2015) explain one of the systems used in business process reengineering is the use of information and communication technology that cannot be ignored during the radical redesign of an organization. Information and communication technology explains changes in organizations, especially changes

in the nature of work, integration of business functions, and transformation to compete. The ability of management information systems explains the extent to which an organization is equipped with information technology infrastructure, knowledge and experience of information technology skills and the utilization of effective information technology operations. Feldmann (1998) says that a business process reengineering can be developed and supported properly using the IDEF0 (Integration Definition Language 0) framework model. The results of this research are also supported by research conducted by Dachyar and Novita (2016) and research from Tsironis *et al.* (2018) which explains that a model created can be developed with the IDEF0 framework model because this model can be easy in reading a change model on business processes in organizations.

The high level of use of information and communication technology enables the smooth implementation of business process reengineering especially when a new management information system is obtained. Competence in the function of information technology and the use of effective software has been proposed as some of the most important factors that contribute to the success of business process reengineering. This includes building effective information technology infrastructure, investing in adequate information technology infrastructure, measuring the effectiveness of adequate infrastructure, and integrating appropriate infrastructure for existing business processes and systems. Information technology investment, risk management and operations have a strong influence with competitive advantage (Momanyi *et al.*, 2016).

2. Literature Review

2.1 Competitive Advantage

The company has superiority through more eminent resources and capabilities than the competitors, as long as the company implements a strategy that utilizes these resources and capabilities effectively, then it is possible to create competitive advantage. This is achieved by banks through planning and management strategies, which is a sustainable process that evaluates, controls and examines business, competitors and the industry as a whole and sets goals and strategies to overcome obstacles to achieve success (Nimsith, Rifas and Cader, 2016).

Porter (1998) assumes that competitive advantage is the ability of a company to achieve economic benefits above the profits that competitors can achieve on the market in the same industry. Companies that have competitive advantages always have the ability to understand changes in market structure and are able to choose effective marketing strategies. Porter's study further establishes generic strategies that are classified into three categories, namely cost leadership, differentiation, and focus. The choice of each company for the generic strategy above will depend on analysis of the business environment to determine opportunities and threats. Ferreira and Kittsteiner (2012) said that competitive advantage can be developed

from a model where competitive pressure can trigger organizational change. Competitive advantages can be through business strategies based on differentiation, coordination and focus.

Al-alak Abbas Basheer and Tarabieh Saeed (2011), explained that the dimensions of banking competitive advantage are innovation differentiation, market differentiation and organizational performance. Customer orientation contributes positively to organizational performance by providing innovation differentiation and market differentiation. The effect of innovation differentiation on organizational performance is greater than market differentiation. Innovation differentiation and market differentiation simultaneously achieves greater competitive advantage that produces the best results in organizational performance. Momanyi *et al.* (2016) explained that the dimensions of competitive advantage are profits, new products, assets and new members. Rules and regulations are required to achieve competitive advantage.

2.2 Business Process Reengineering

The concept of reengineering or process redesign was popularized by scientists Hammer and Champy (1993), which mentioned business process reengineering as a process redesign using technology to achieve improved performance in cost reduction, quality services and increased corporate profits. Business process reengineering in an organization will allow it to gain several benefits because it will improve organizational performance in the business. Business process reengineering helps organizations in manufacturing and financial services to overcome efficiency process and operational performance. Business process reengineering seeks to separate itself from the old and current processes to produce better procedures in new ways that allow the use of information technology with the support of people in the organization. Ringim Kabiru Jinjiri *et al.* (2013) said that business process reengineering is defined as a complete, radical process transformation that changes the structure of bureaucracy in organizations for core process specialization.

The dimensions of business process reengineering according to Xiaoli Liao (2010) are business process reengineering programs, implementation of business process reengineering and business process reengineering platforms. Elements of the business process reengineering program can be divided into two indicators, namely business process and risk control. Elements of the implementation of business process reengineering can be divided into four indicators, namely policies, procedures and business process results. Elements of the BPR platform can be divided into three indicators, namely information technology applications, organizational structure optimization, and the use of exterior sources. Information technology applications means that they can use information techniques in the business process reengineering process, organizational structure optimization means they can optimize their organizational structure to support business process

reengineering strategies, the use of exterior sources means use exterior sources to improve the efficiency of conducting business process reengineering.

2.3 Integration Definition Language 0 (IDEF0)

IDEF0 (Integration Definition Language 0) framework model, is a modeling method based on SADT (Structure Analysis and Design Technique) system developed by Douglas T. Ross and SofTech, Inc. In its original form IDEF0 includes definition language and graphical modeling (syntax and semantics) which describe a comprehensive methodology for building models. IDEF0 (Integration DEFinition language 0) is a modeling language that uses images with a comprehensive explanation to explain the stages / methodology of development of a system. The system is modeled as a group of functions that are interconnected with one another to form a major function. These functions explain what is done by the system, so that anything that controls, processes, is processed, and is produced by the system can be known.

The depiction of the model in IDEF0 is done in a hierarchical manner from general activities to the details. At the highest level is called the Context Page which contains an activity that shows the entire system as an activity and also shows the system interface with its environment. Context Diagrams are also commonly called A0 Diagrams or Parent Diagrams. At the next level, a Decomposition Page or Child Diagram is created which is further details of the system. Each description in the Decomposition Page is called the A1 diagram, A2 diagram, A3 diagram, and so on. Each ICOM that appears on a Parent Diagram will be detailed on the child diagram. Child Diagrams will continue to be formed to the level of the processes that exist in the algorithm for the execution of these activities.

2.4 Information and Communication Technology

Information and communication technology is based on an activity of processing, storing and sending information. These activities use computers, electronic devices such as telephones, mobile phones, fax machines etc. and telecommunications networks. Information and communication technology has challenged all geographical boundaries. Information and communication technology enables sophisticated product development, better market infrastructure, the application of reliable risk control techniques and assists intermediary of part activities to reach distant and geographically diversified markets (Rajesh and Rakesh, 2012).

Information and communication technology gives organizations the flexibility to redesign processes and create organizational design to be able to achieve high performance. Capabilities that were previously not available when many of the existing business processes was originally designed, but required by modern organizations. Enterprise software, offering a common data infrastructure throughout the organization, provides work cells with the ability to access all the functional data needed to complete the assigned work. A network allows free flow of information, allowing the sharing of critical data in a timely manner with employees regardless of its different location. Internet-based networks also create an effective monitoring environment (Ramirez *et al*, 2010). Information and communication technology has a strong influence with business process reengineering, internal process business, organization, customer satisfaction and financial performance (Maroofi Fakhraddin *et al.*, 2013).

3. Methodology

This research uses two methods (mixed methods), namely quantitative methods through hypothesis testing to measure how much influence information and communication technology has on business processes reengineerings to achieve competitive advantage through the implementation of digital branches and qualitative methods with development and support through the IDEFO framework model. Quantitative data was obtained from questionnaires distributed to 77 commercial banks in Indonesia and questionnaires were asked to the head of the bank or operations manager. Qualitative data is sourced from 5 banks in Indonesia and has implemented digital branch in its operational services. Questions were made in a questionnaire describing the IDEFO framework model process for the operational service of deposito opening through digital branch to be clarified with banks that have used digital branch services. Questionnaire questions are given to leaders or operational managers of banks that have implemented digital branch services.

4. Results and Discussion

The hypothesis used in this study is the initial hypothesis as follows:

Ho: information and communication technology does not significantly influence competitive advantage directly or through business process reengineering at commercial banks in Indonesia in the implementation of digital branch.

The rival hypothesis is as follows:

H1: information and communication technology has a significant influence on competitive advantage directly or through business process reengineering at commercial banks in Indonesia in implementing digital branch.

The results data from the questionnaire were then subjected to quantitative processing using SEM SmartPLS. The model in this research relates the influence between the variables of competitive advantage (Z) with dimensions is cost (Z1) and differentiation (Z2). Business process reengineering variable (Y) with its dimensions are business process reengineering program (Y1) and the implementation of business process reengineering (Y2), Variables of information and communication technology (X) with dimensions are infrastructure (X1) and technology integration (X2). Table 1 below is the operationalization of variables in

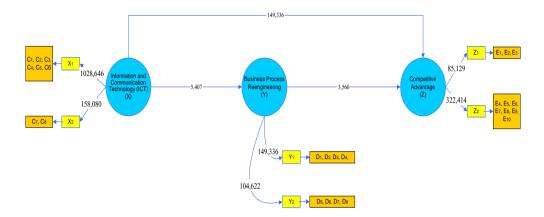
the research conducted.

Table 1. Operatio	nalization of rese	earch variables
-------------------	--------------------	-----------------

Dimention	Indicator	Standard				
Information and Communication Technology (X)						
	Hardware	Organization has hardware technology				
Infrastructure (X_1)	Software	Organizations has software application technology				
(A)	Internet-based network	Organization has internet-based network technology				
Technology Integration	Automation	Automation of all work in the organization				
(X ₂)	Data integration	All of the work is integrated in the organization				
	Business Proce	ess Reengineering (Y)				
Business Process	Business Process	Encouragement of changing business processes in the organization				
Reengineering Program (Y ₁)	Risk control	Risk control for organizations from adversity				
Business	Process policy	Have a policy for business change in the organization				
Process Reengineering	Process procedure	Have a procedures for business change processes in the organization				
Implementation (Y ₂)	The results of the business change process	The level of results of the business change process in the organization				
	Competitive Advantage (Z)					
	Funding	Funds availability in the organization				
Cost (Z ₁)	Operational cost efficiency	The level of operational cost efficiency in the organization				
Differentiation (Z ₂)	Effectiveness	The level of operational effectiveness in the organization				
	Customer desires	Operational services according to customer desires				

The results of bootstrapping with SmartPLS produce information and communication technology models that affect directly against competitive advantage or through business process reengineering at commercial banks in Indonesia implementing digital branch. Table 2 below is the result of an analysis of the direct influence of information and communication technology (X) on competitive advantage (Z) and indirectly through business process reengineering (Y) in this research.

Figure 3. Information and Communication Technology Research Model (X) Against Competitive Advantage (Z) through Business Process Reengineering (Y)



Source: SmartPLS Output.

Table 2. Hypothesis Test for Information and Communication Technology (X) Against Competitive Advantage (Z) through Business Process Reengineering (Y)

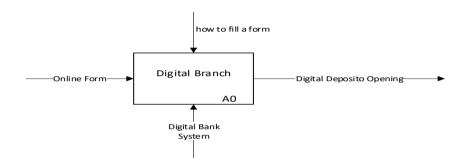
Relationship		Original Sample (O)	Standard Error (STERR)	T Statistics (O/STERR)	T table	Conclusion
Not	X -> Y	0,500	0,092			
directly through Y	Y -> Z	0,260	0,073	2,938	1,96	accepted
Directly	X - > Z	0,416	0,092	4,525	1,96	
VAF = Indirect influence / total influence		0,238	23,8%		Partia	l mediator

Source: SmartPLS Output.

In the indirect relationship the t value of statistics obtained is 2.938. Because the t statistics value (2,938) is greater than t Table (1.96), it is concluded that the business process reengineering (Y) variable acts as an intervening variable, meaning that there are indirect effects of information and communication technology (TIK) (X) against competitive advantage (Z) through business process reengineering (Y). In the direct relationship the value of t statistics obtained is 5.525. Because the t statistics value (4,525) is greater than t table (1,96), it is concluded that there is a direct influence of information and communication technology (TIK) (X) against competitive advantage (Z). The VAF value obtained is 23.8%. Because it is in the category of 20% to 80% so it is included in the category of partial mediation, so there are other intervening variables that can be intervening variables for other models that are not examined in this research.

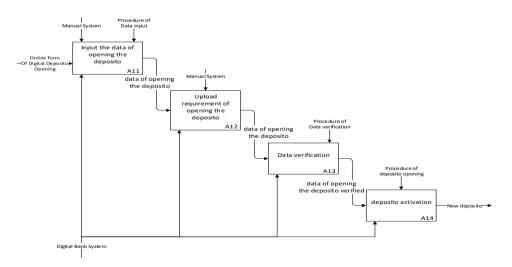
The influence of information and communication technology on competitive advantage through business process reengineering is very large. The business process using information technology is a concern of the bank. The business process reengineering model for digital deposito opening through digital branch can be displayed through the following IDEFO frame model. Figure 4 shows the mechanism of the IDEFO framework model, for the input in the parent diagram is the online form and the output is digital deposito opening through digital branch.

Figure 4. Parent diagram (A0) digital deposito opening through digital branch



The following child diagram in Figure 5 shows a description of the 4 processes of digital deposito opening through digital branch which consist of processes A1, A2, A3 and A4.

Figure 5. Child diagram for digital deposito opening through digital branch



The results from the IDEF0 framework model of digital deposito opening through digital branch are then shown by the design for the machine in the waiting room in the digital branch which is designed to be attractive and comfortable. Below this is

the display design of digital deposito opening through digital branch in figure 6. The steps of the process on digital branch machines for digital deposito opening are as follows.

Figure 6. Initial sketch on digital branch machine for digital deposito opening services in commercial banks in Indonesia

1. Here is the initial sketch of the main page of the website



2. On the menu bar, click "Services" to see what services are available.



3. Fill in the form to complete the data that are required to open the deposito. Click "Save". The data that are shown on this website are just some of all of the data that are required to open the deposito.



4. You will also be asked to upload the documents required to open an deposito. After all documents have been uploaded, click 'Send'. Note: the document requirements shown on this website are only a few of the many documents required in the deposito opening process.



5. Then you are required to make an initial deposit according to the choice of currency to the account listed. After making a deposit, photograph the proof of the deposit transaction and upload the proof. After uploading, click 'Send'



6. After payment is received, the system will display the status of your deposit opening.

	HOME ABOUT DAWNERS CONTACT CALLUS (1001) BERE BERERE
E	BANK XX
E. C.	OUR DEPOSITO ACCOUNT HAS BEEN ACTIVATED URTHER INFORMATIONS WILL BE SENT VIA MESSAGES TO OUR HANDPHONE NUMBER
	FUMIDIA
	© 2012 All Bights Reserved. < vivos altemplatements.com > Images Prems vivos photorach.net

After the data input process and data upload are complete, the system will process the opening the deposito and provide further information about the account that was just created. Figure 6. Display of Initial Sketches on Digital Branch Machines for Digital Deposito Opening Services in Commercial Bank in Indonesia. The digital branch atmosphere at banks in Indonesia is made comfortable and calm so customers can feel relaxed when the deposit opening service process is underway.

5. Conclusion

The results of hypothesis testing use SEM SmartPLS on indirect relationships and direct relationships between information and communication technology variables, business process reengineering and competitive advantage reject the H0 hypothesis

and accept the H1 hypothesis, means that information and communication technology has a significant influence on competitive advantage directly or through business process reengineering at commercial banks in Indonesia in implementing digital branch to deal with digital technology and economics.

Infrastructure provision shows a big influence on information and communication technology. This shows that banks in Indonesia must prepare internet-based hardware, software and networks. Fast internet facilities are a matter that needs to be considered because of the access that connects between digital branches with headquarters to clarify data. Of course the existing hardware and software support each other in the digital deposit opening service process. The implementation of business process reengineering shows a big influence on the business process reengineering variable. Changes in policies and procedures for conventional deposit opening service business processes to become digital have been able to improve service to customers more quickly. Supported by a convenient digital branch place makes customers more relaxed when transacting on digital branches. Differentiation shows a strong influence on the competitive advantage variable. The achievement of operational service effectiveness in digital deposits opening has been able to provide competitive advantages between banks in Indonesia. The services that banks provide will make it easier for customers to transact, customers whenever and wherever can make financial transactions, especially in opening the deposits.

The IDEF0 framework model is able to support business process changes in digital deposit opening services at banks. This model is able to describe the business process of digital deposits opening which will be done more simply. Existing processes in the child diagram of digital deposito opening can be displayed through the design that will be designed on the machine in the digital branch.

Acknowledgment:

RISTEK DIKTI through BPPDN scholarship for Doctoral Science and Management Program in Universitas Padjadjaran.

References:

- Akhisar, I.K., Batu, T., Necla, T. 2015. The Effects of Innovations on Bank Performance: The Case of Electronic Banking Service. Procedia-Social and Behavioral Sciences, 369-375.
- Al-alak Abbas Basheer, Tarabieh Saeed. 2011. Gaining Competitive Advantage and organizational Performance Through Customer Orientation, Innovation Differentiation an Market Differentiation. International Journal of Economics and Management Sciences, 1, 5, 80-91.
- Breznik, Lidija. 2012. Can Information Technology Be a Source of Competitive Advantage? Economic and Business Review, 14, 3, 251-269.

- Clarence, G. Feldmann. 1998. The Practical Guide to BPR Using IDEFO. Dorset House Publisher. ISBN 0-932633-37-4.
- Dachyar, M. and Novita, G. 2016. Business Process Reengineering of Logistics System in Pharmaceutical Company. ARPN Journal of Engineering and Applied Sciences, 11, 7, ISSN 1819-6608.
- Ferreira, Daniel and Kittsteinner, Thomas. 2012. Competation and Organizational Change. CRES Foundations of Busines Strategy Conference. Washington University.
- Hammer, M., Champy, J. 1993. Reengineering the Corporation: A Manifiesto for Business Revolution. USA, Harper Collins Publishers, ISBN 0-88730-640-3.
- Huang, Yan, Shaio, Lee Hsiung Chao, Chiu An-An. 2014. How Business Process Reengineering Affects Information Technology Investment and Employee Performance Under Different Performance Measurement. Springer Science, DOI 10.1007/s10796-014-9487-4.
- Magutu Peterson, Stephen Onserio, Godwin Kiplmo. 2010. Business Process Reengineering for Competitive Advantage: Key Factors That May Lead to Success or Failure of The BPR Implementation (The Wrigley Company). African Journal of Business & Management (AJBUMA), Vol 1, AJBUMA Publishing.
- Maroofi Fakhraddin, Kahrarian Fatemeh, Dehghani Marzieh. 2013. Evaluation of the Effect of Using Information Technology Infrastructure for Business Process Reengineering in Small and Medium Sized Entreprises of Kermanshah Province. International Journal of Academic Research in Business and Social Sciences, 3.
- Nimsith, S.I., Rifas, A.H., Cader, M.J.A. 2016. Impact of Core Competency on Competitive Advantage of Banking Firms in Sri Langka. International Journal of Scientific Research and Innovative Technology, 3, 7, ISSN: 2312-3759.
- Ong, W.J. and Hishamuddin Bin Ismail. 2008. Sustainable Competitive Advantage through Information Technology Competence: Resource-Based View on Small and Medium Enterprises. Communications of the IBIMA, 1.
- Osano, M.H., Okwena, D. 2015. Factors Influencing Performance of Business of Business Process Reengineering Projects in Bank in Kenya: Case of Kenya Comemercial Bank. Journal of US-China Public Administration, 12, 11.
- Patroba Momanyi M, Osoro Kepha, Michael Nyagol, Fredrick Odoyo. 2016. Influence of Information Technology in Enhancement of Sutainable Advantage of Saccos in Kisii County. IOSR Journal of Humanities and Social Science, 21, 3.
- Porter, E.M. 2008. Competitive Advantage. Jakarta. Karisma Publishing Group.
- Ramirez Ronald, Melville Nigel and Lawler Edward. 2010. Information Technology Infrastructure, Organizational Process Redesign, and Business Value. An Empirical Analysis. Elsevier: Decision Support Systems 49, 417–429.
- Ringim Kabiru Jinjiri, Osman Nor Hasni, Hasnan Norlena, Razalli Mohd Rizal. 2013. Exploring the Implementation of Business Process Reengineering in Banks. Asian Social Science, 9, E-ISSN: 1911-2015.
- Tiwari Rajesh and Kumar Rakesh. 2012. Information Technology in Banking Sector. Asia Pasific Journal of Marketing and Management Review, 1, 1.
- Tsironis, L., Gentsos, A., Moustakis, V. 2008. Empowerment the IDEF0 Modeling Language. International Journal of Business and Management, 3, 5.
- Xiaoli, L. 2010. Correlation between Business Process Reengineering and Operation Performance of National Commercial Banks. Proceedings of the 7th International Conference on Innovation and Management, 981-985.