Subjek dan Verb

Berhubung dengan bentuk perkuliahan secara online. Materi kita akan di awali dengan unit 2 tentang structure and writtten expression. Soal Toefl sebenarnya memiliki stuktur pertanyaan yang mirip. Hal ini membuat kita lebih mudah mengenali dan mempelajari bentuk soal yang biasanya muncul.

Bagian kedua dari tes toefl ini terdiri dari 40 pertanyaan yang harus dikerjakan dalam 25 menit. Hal ini membuat perlu managemen waktu yang baik dalam mengerjakan soal-soalnya. Srategi umum dalam mengerjakan soal toefl bagian kedua ini dapat kalian lihat di halaman 39-40. Bagian ini juga dibagi lagi menjadi 2 bagian part A dan B. Pada part A. kalian akan diminta untuk mengisi bagian yang hilang dalam kalimat, sedangkan pada bagian B kalian akan mencari bagian kalimat mana yang salah.

Salah satu soal yang paling sering muncul dalam tes toefl adalah hilangnya subjek dan verb. Untuk hari ini kita akan fokus belajar mengenai subjek dan verb.

Subjek dan verb merupakan unsur yang wajib ada dalam sebuah kalimat.

* The subject noun is a person, place, or thing spoken of (menjelaskan pertanyaan What, Which, Who)
* The verb is the word that tells what the subject does or is (menjelaskan action)

Example :

1. The man who wear the hat → Not a sentence (only subject)
2. His aunt → Not a sentence (only subject)
3. The river flows to the sea.

ANALYSIS:

The river: thing spoken of → Subject

Flows : tells what it does → Predicate

1. My teacher solves his class problem efficiently.

 ANALYSIS:

 My teacher : person spoken of → Subject

 Solves : tells what my teacher does → Predicate

Exercise 1

Read the following words and chooses what is considered a sentence and not a sentence. If it is a sentence determine the Subject and Verb

1. John run

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Run well

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Economic events

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. My father is an accountant

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. She good in accounting

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. We are going to the movie tonight.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Lina must be exhausted.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Cigarettes cause many different diseases.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Light travels faster than sound.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Mr. Green is a librarian

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. The English textbook is very expensive

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. The manager wants to increase the profit.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. The profits announced for the year were satisfactory.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Sinta works as secretary.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. The secretary has typed the report.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Subjek atau verb akan lebih sulit dikenali pada kalimat compound atau complex.

1. Simple sentence

Ex. English Grammar is very easy

1. Compound sentence

A compound sentence is two independent clauses connected together.

We can connect two independent clauses by using: FAN BOYS

**for, and, nor, but, or, yet, so**

or

Conjunctive adverb: **Therefore, otherwise, furthermore, however, nevertheless**

Ex. English grammar is easy and I learned it quickly.

1. Complex sentence

A complex sentence is one independent clause and at least one dependent clause. Dependent clause can be **noun clause, adjective clause, and adverbial clause**. (see the explanation below)

Ex. English grammar which I learned last night is very easy.

1. Compound-complex sentence

A compound-complex sentence has at least two independent clauses and at least one dependent clause.

Ex. Because English grammar is easy, I learned it quickly but it took me several years to master writing.